

**UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION**

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 40-F

**REGISTRATION STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 12 OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

OR

**ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13(a) OR 15(d) OF THE
SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007

Commission file number: 001-32834

CENTRAL GOLD-TRUST

(Exact Name of Registrant as Specified in its Charter)

Canada
(Province or other jurisdiction of
incorporation or organization)

Not Applicable
(Primary Standard Industrial
Classification Code)

Not Applicable
(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)

**55 Broad Leaf Crescent
Ancaster, Ontario L9G 3P2
(905) 304-4653**
(Address and Telephone Number of Registrant's Principal Executive Offices)

**DL Services, Inc.
U.S. Bank Center
1420 5th Avenue, Suite 3400
Seattle, WA 98101-4010
(206) 903-8800**

(Name, address (including zip code) and telephone number (including area code) of agent for service in the United States)

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

<u>Title of Each Class:</u>	<u>Name of Each Exchange On Which Registered:</u>
Units	American Stock Exchange Toronto Stock Exchange

Securities registered or to be registered pursuant to Section 12(g) of the Act: **None**

Securities for which there is a reporting obligation pursuant to Section 15(d) of the Act: **None**

For annual reports, indicate by check mark the information filed with this form:

Annual Information Form Audited Annual Financial Statements

Indicate the number of outstanding shares of each of the issuer's classes of capital or common stock as of the close of the period covered by the annual report:

<u>Class</u>	<u>Outstanding at December 31, 2007</u>
Units	3,992, 500

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant by filing the information contained in this Form is also thereby furnishing the information to the Commission pursuant to Rule 12g3-2(b) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Exchange Act"). If "Yes" is marked, indicate the filing number assigned to the Registrant in connection with such Rule. Yes No

Indicate by check mark whether the Registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Exchange Act during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the Registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes No

EXPLANATORY NOTE

Central Gold-Trust (the “*Issuer*” or the “*Registrant*”) is a Canadian issuer eligible to file its annual report pursuant to Section 13 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the “*Exchange Act*”) on Form 40-F pursuant to the multi-jurisdictional disclosure system of the Exchange Act. The Issuer is a “foreign private issuer” as defined in Rule 3b-4 under the Exchange Act. Equity securities of the Issuer are accordingly exempt from Sections 14(a), 14(b), 14(c), 14(f) and 16 of the Exchange Act pursuant to Rule 3a12-3.

NOTE TO UNITED STATES READERS- DIFFERENCES IN UNITED STATES AND CANADIAN REPORTING PRACTICES

The Issuer is permitted, under a multi-jurisdictional disclosure system adopted by the United States, to prepare this annual report in accordance with Canadian disclosure requirements, which are different from those of the United States. The Issuer prepares its financial statements, which are filed with this report on Form 40-F, in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting practices (“GAAP”), and they may be subject to Canadian auditing and auditor independence standards. They may not be comparable to financial statements of United States companies. Significant differences between Canadian GAAP and United States GAAP are described in Note 7 of the comparative audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer.

CURRENCY

Unless otherwise indicated, all dollar amounts in this annual report on Form 40-F are in United States dollars. The exchange rate of Canadian dollars into United States dollars, on March 5, 2008 the Bank of Canada noon exchange rate was U.S.\$1.00 = CDN\$0.9898.

ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM

The Issuer’s Annual Information Form (“AIF”) for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 is filed as [Exhibit 99.1](#) and incorporated by reference in this annual report on Form 40-F.

AUDITED ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND MANAGEMENT’S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Audited Annual Financial Statements

The audited consolidated financial statements of the Issuer for the years ended December 31, 2006 and 2007, including the report of the independent auditor with respect thereto, are filed as [Exhibit 99.2](#) and incorporated by reference in this annual report on Form 40-F. For a reconciliation of important differences between Canadian and United States generally accepted accounting principles, see Note 7 to the Issuer’s audited consolidated financial statements.

Management’s Discussion and Analysis

The Issuer’s management’s discussion and analysis (“MD&A”) is filed as [Exhibit 99.3](#) and incorporated by reference in this annual report on Form 40-F.

Tax Matters

Purchasing, holding, or disposing of securities of the Issuer may have tax consequences under the laws of the United States and Canada that are not described in this annual report on Form 40-F.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES

At the end of the period covered by this report, an evaluation was carried out under the supervision of and with the participation of the Issuer’s senior officers, including the President and Chief Financial Officer (“CFO”), of the effectiveness of the design and operations of the Issuer’s disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 13a — 15(e) and Rule 15d — 15(e) under the Exchange Act). Based on that evaluation the President and the CFO have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Issuer’s disclosure controls and procedures were adequately designed and effective in ensuring that: (i) information required to be disclosed by the Issuer in reports that it files or submits to the United States Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in applicable rules and forms and (ii) material information required to be disclosed in our reports filed under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to our senior officers, including our President and CFO, as appropriate, to allow for accurate and timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

MANAGEMENT'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Issuer's senior officers are responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over financial reporting as defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Exchange Act. Our internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The senior officers conducted an evaluation of the design and operation of the Issuer's internal control over financial reporting as of December 31, 2007, based on the criteria set forth in *Internal Control — Integrated Framework* issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission. This evaluation included review of the documentation of controls, evaluation of the design effectiveness of controls, testing of the operating effectiveness of controls and a conclusion on this evaluation. Based on this evaluation, management has concluded that the Issuer's internal control over financial reporting was effective as of December 31, 2007 and no material weaknesses were discovered.

This report is required for U.S. reporting purposes as the Issuer is a "foreign private issuer" as defined in Rule 3b-4 of the Exchange Act, and as the Issuer is an "accelerated filer", the Issuer is required to provide an auditor's attestation report on internal control over financial reporting. The Issuer's auditor has attested to management's evaluation of internal controls over financial reporting for the year ended December 31, 2007. The auditor's attestation is filed as Exhibit 99.4 and is incorporated by reference in this annual report on Form 40-F.

CHANGES IN INTERNAL CONTROLS OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

During the period covered by this annual report on Form 40-F, no changes occurred in the Issuer's internal control over financial reporting that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Issuer's internal control over financial reporting.

The senior officers of the Issuer, including the President and CFO, do not expect that its disclosure controls and procedures or internal controls and procedures will prevent all error and all fraud. A control system, no matter how well conceived and operated, can provide only reasonable, not absolute, assurance that the objectives of the control system are met. Further, the design of a control system must reflect the fact that there are resource constraints, and the benefits of controls must be considered relative to their costs. Because of the inherent limitations in all control systems, no evaluation of controls can provide absolute assurance that all control issues and instances of fraud, if any, within the Issuer have been detected. These inherent limitations include the realities that judgments in decision-making can be faulty, and that breakdowns can occur because of simple error or mistake. Additionally, controls can be circumvented by the individual acts of some persons, by collusion of two or more people, or by officers override of the control. The design of any system of controls also is based in part upon certain assumptions about the likelihood of future events, and there can be no assurance that any design will succeed in achieving its stated goals under all potential future conditions; over time, control may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate. Because of the inherent limitations in a cost-effective control system, misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Issuer is listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange and is required to describe its practices and policies with regards to corporate governance with specific reference to the listing guidelines on an annual basis by way of a corporate governance statement contained in the Issuer's annual report or information circular. The Issuer is also listed on the American Stock Exchange ("AMEX") and additionally complies as necessary with the rules and guidelines of AMEX as well as the SEC. The Issuer reviews its governance practices on an ongoing basis to ensure it is in compliance. The Issuer is complying with applicable new and revised rules and regulations, introduced pursuant to the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 in the United States, by the SEC and AMEX.

The Issuer's Board of Trustees is responsible for the Issuer's Corporate Governance policies and has separately designated standing Compensation and Nominating Committees. The Issuer's Board of Trustees has determined that all the members of the Compensation and Nominating Committees are independent, based on the criteria for independence and unrelatedness prescribed by the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, section 10A(m)(3), and the American Stock Exchange.

Corporate governance relates to the activities of the Issuer's board of trustees (the "Board"), the members of which are elected by and are accountable to the unitholders, and takes into account the role of the senior officers who are appointed by the Board and who are charged with the day to day administration of the Issuer. The Board is committed to sound corporate governance practices which are both in the interest of its unitholders and contribute to effective and efficient decision making.

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Issuer's Board of Trustees has a separately designated standing Audit Committee established in accordance with section 3(a)(58)(A) of the Exchange Act. The members of the Issuer's Audit Committee are identified on pages 11 and 12 of the Annual Information Form, attached herewith as Exhibit 99.1 and incorporated by reference. In the opinion of the Issuer's Board of Trustees, all members of the Audit Committee are independent (as determined under Rule 10A-3 of the Exchange Act and the rules of the AMEX) and the policies of the Canadian Securities Administrators and are financially literate.

Audit Committee Financial Expert

Douglas E. Heagle, Chairman of the Audit Committee, is the financial expert, in that he has an understanding of generally accepted accounting principles and financial statements; is able to assess the general application of accounting principles in connection with the accounting for estimates, accruals and reserves; has experience preparing, auditing, analyzing or evaluating financial statements that entail accounting issues of equal complexity to the Issuer's financial statements (or actively supervising another person who did so); has an understanding of internal controls and procedures for financial reporting and an understanding of audit committee functions.

The members of the Audit Committee do not have fixed terms and are appointed and replaced annually by resolution of the Board.

The Audit Committee meets with the President and the CFO of the Issuer and the Issuer's independent auditors to review and inquire into matters affecting financial reporting, the system of internal accounting and financial controls, as well as audit procedures and audit plans. The Audit Committee also recommends to the Board the auditors to be appointed. In addition, the Committee reviews and recommends to the Board for approval the annual financial statements, the Management's Discussion and Analysis, and undertakes other activities required by regulatory authorities.

Audit Committee Charter

The Issuer's Audit Committee Charter is available on the Issuer's website at www.gold-trust.com or in print to any unitholder who provides the Issuer with a written request.

PRINCIPAL ACCOUNTING FEES AND SERVICES — INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

Ernst & Young LLP acted as the Issuer's independent auditor for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007. See page 15 of the Registrant's Annual Information Form, which is attached hereto as Exhibit 99.1 for the total amount billed to the Issuer by Ernst & Young LLP for services performed in the last two fiscal years by category of service (for audit fees, audit-related fees, tax fees and all other fees) in Canadian dollars.

PRE-APPROVAL OF AUDIT AND NON-AUDIT SERVICES PROVIDED BY INDEPENDENT AUDITORS

See page 14 of the Registrant's Annual Information Form incorporated by reference to this document as Exhibit 99.1.

OFF-BALANCE SHEET TRANSACTIONS

The Issuer does not have any off-balance sheet financing arrangements or relationships with unconsolidated special purpose entities.

CODE OF ETHICS

The Board has adopted a written Code of Conduct by which it and all officers and trustees of the Issuer abide. In addition, the Board, through its meetings with officers and other informal discussions with officers, encourages a culture of ethical business conduct and believes the Issuer's high caliber management team promotes a culture of ethical business conduct throughout the Issuer's operations and is expected to monitor the activities of the Issuer's officers, consultants and agents in that regard. The Board encourages any concerns regarding ethical conduct in respect of the Issuer's operations to be raised, on an anonymous basis, with the President and CEO, the Chairman, or another Board member as appropriate.

It is a requirement of applicable corporate law that trustees and senior officers who have an interest in a transaction or agreement with the Issuer promptly disclose that interest at any meeting of the Board at which the transaction or agreement will be discussed and, in the case of trustees, abstain from discussions and voting in respect to same if the interest is material. These requirements are also contained in the Issuer's declaration of trust, which are made available to the trustees and senior officers of the Issuer.

All amendments to the code, and all waivers of the code with respect to any of the officers covered by it, will be posted on the Issuer's website, submitted on Form 6-K and provided in print to any unitholder who requests them. The Issuer's Code of Conduct and Ethics is located on its website at www.gold-trust.com.

CONTRACTUAL OBLIGATIONS

The information provided under the heading “Management’s Discussion and Analysis — Contractual Obligations ” contained in Exhibit 99.3 as filed with this annual report on Form 40-F contains the Issuer’s disclosure of contractual obligations and is incorporated by reference herein.

NOTICES PURSUANT TO REGULATION BTR

There were no notices required by Rule 104 of Regulation BTR that the Registrant sent during the year ended December 31, 2007 concerning any equity security subject to a blackout period under Rule 101 of Regulation BTR.

AMEX CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Issuer’s units are listed on AMEX. Section 110 of the AMEX Company Guide permits AMEX to consider the laws, customs and practices of foreign issuers in relaxing certain AMEX listing criteria, and to grant exemptions from AMEX listing criteria based on these considerations. An issuer seeking relief under these provisions is required to provide written certification from independent local counsel that the non-complying practice is not prohibited by home country law. A description of the significant ways in which the Issuer’s governance practices differ from those followed by domestic companies pursuant to AMEX standards is as follows:

Shareholder Meeting Quorum Requirement: The AMEX minimum quorum requirement for a shareholder meeting is one-third of the outstanding shares of common stock. In addition, a company listed on AMEX is required to state its quorum requirement in its bylaws. The Issuer’s quorum requirement is set forth in its Declaration of Trust. A quorum for a meeting of unitholders of the Issuer is two persons who are, or who represent by proxy, unitholders who, in the aggregate, hold at least 10% of the units entitled to be voted at the meeting.

Proxy Delivery Requirement: AMEX requires the solicitation of proxies and delivery of proxy statements for all shareholder meetings, and requires that these proxies shall be solicited pursuant to a proxy statement that conforms to SEC proxy rules. The Issuer is a “foreign private issuer” as defined in Rule 3b-4 under the Exchange Act, and the equity securities of the Issuer are accordingly exempt from the proxy rules set forth in Sections 14(a), 14(b), 14(c) and 14(f) of the Exchange Act. The Issuer solicits proxies in accordance with applicable rules and regulations in Canada.

The foregoing are consistent with the laws, customs and practices in Canada.

In addition, we may from time-to-time seek relief from AMEX corporate governance requirements on specific transactions under Section 110 of the AMEX Company Guide by providing written certification from independent local counsel that the non-complying practice is not prohibited by our home country law, in which case, we shall make the disclosure of such transactions available on our website at www.gold-trust.com. Information contained on our website is not part of this annual report.

UNDERTAKING

The Issuer undertakes to make available, in person or by telephone, representatives to respond to inquiries made by the SEC staff, and to furnish promptly, when requested to do so by the Commission staff, information relating to: the securities registered pursuant to Form 40-F; the securities in relation to which the obligation to file an annual report on Form 40-F arises; or transactions in said securities.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Exchange Act, the Registrant certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing on Form 40-F and has duly caused this annual report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

CENTRAL GOLD -TRUST

By: /s/ J.C. Stefan Spicer

Name: J.C. Stefan Spicer

Title: President

Date: March 10, 2008

CONSENT TO SERVICE OF PROCESS

The Issuer filed an Appointment of Agent for Service of Process and Undertaking on Form F-X with respect to the class of securities in relation to which the obligation to file the Form 40-F arises.

EXHIBITS

- 99.1 Annual Information Form of the Issuer for the year ended December 31, 2007
- 99.2 Management's Discussion and Analysis
- 99.3 Annual Financial Statements
- 99.4 Auditor's Attestation
- 99.5 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to Rule 13(a)-14(a) or 15(d)-14 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
- 99.6 Certifications of Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002
- 99.7 Consent of Ernst & Young, Chartered Accountants

CENTRAL GOLD-TRUST

ANNUAL INFORMATION FORM
for the year ended December 31, 2007



March 5, 2008

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DOCUMENTS INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE

Financial Statements and notes thereto are contained in the 2007 Annual Report on pages 3 to 9.

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition is contained in the 2007 Annual Report on pages 13 to 18.

Information Circular for the 4th Annual Meeting of Unitholders held on April 26, 2007

REPORTING CURRENCY AND FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Currency amounts in this Annual Information Form and the documents which are incorporated herein by reference are stated in United States dollars, except where otherwise specifically stated. As of March 5, 2008, the Bank of Canada noon exchange rate was U.S. \$1.00 = Cdn. \$.9898.

ESTABLISHMENT OF CENTRAL GOLD-TRUST

Central Gold-Trust (“Gold-Trust”) is a passive, self-governing, single purpose trust established by a declaration of trust (the “Declaration of Trust”) under the laws of the Province of Ontario on April 28, 2003. Gold-Trust was created to hold gold bullion on behalf of investors and to provide investors with exchange-tradeable units (the “Units”) of ownership. The principal and head office of Gold-Trust is located at 55 Broad Leaf Crescent, Ancaster, Ontario, Canada L9G 3P2. Gold-Trust’s mailing address is Box 10106 Meadowlands P.O., Ancaster, Ontario, Canada L9K 1P3.

DESCRIPTION OF THE BUSINESS

General

Gold-Trust is a gold holding trust created to invest in and hold substantially all of its assets in long-term holdings of gold bullion, with the primary objective of providing a secure, convenient, low-cost, exchange-tradeable investment alternative for investors interested in holding gold bullion. Gold-Trust’s physical gold is stored on an allocated, segregated and insured basis in the underground treasury vaults of one of the largest banks in Canada

Investment Policies and Restrictions

The purpose of Gold-Trust is to provide a secure, convenient, low-cost, exchange-tradeable investment alternative for investors interested in holding gold bullion.

All gold bullion owned by Gold-Trust must be stored in Canada in the treasury vault facilities of a tier 1 Canadian chartered bank on a segregated basis. The term “treasury vault” means a vault that has the highest security rating for treasury storage purposes and that qualifies for storage on behalf of the Bank of Canada. Gold-Trust has entered into a storage and safekeeping agreement (the “Storage and Safekeeping Agreement”) dated June 23, 2003 with the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (the “Bank”), pursuant to which the Bank has agreed to store and insure gold bullion owned by Gold-Trust in accordance with the Declaration of Trust.

Gold-Trust invests in long-term holdings of pure, unencumbered gold bullion, in 400 troy ounce international bar sizes, and does not speculate with regard to short-term changes in gold prices. This strategy provides investors with the ability to invest in unencumbered gold bullion in a convenient, exchange-tradable and secure manner without the associated inconvenience and high transaction, handling, storage, insurance and other costs typical of direct gold bullion investment.

In furtherance of the purpose of Gold-Trust, the Trustees have established the following policies and restrictions:

1. Pursuant to the Declaration of Trust, at least 90% of the assets of Gold-Trust must be held in pure, refined gold bullion in bar form and such policy may only be amended by a resolution of the Unitholders. The current policy of Gold-Trust approved by the Trustees is more restrictive, requiring that at least 95% of the total net assets of Gold-Trust be held in gold with at least 90% in physical bullion and up to 5% in gold certificate form.
2. All gold bullion owned by Gold-Trust must be unencumbered and Gold-Trust may not enter into any borrowing arrangements except in strictly limited circumstances to facilitate bullion purchase payments. Gold-Trust may enter into short-term borrowing arrangements only under such circumstances, and all outstanding borrowings in this regard must not, at anytime, exceed 10% of Gold-Trust’s net assets.
3. No part of the physical gold bullion held in storage on behalf of Gold-Trust may be delivered out of safekeeping by the Bank without receipt of a certified resolution of the Board of Trustees specifying the purpose of the delivery and giving direction with respect to specific amounts.
4. No Trustee or officer of Gold-Trust, or appointed representative of Gold-Trust or the Administrator, is authorized to enter the treasury vault facilities designated for the storage of Gold-Trust’s gold bullion without being accompanied by a representative of the auditors of Gold-Trust and one or more representatives of the Bank.
5. The gold bullion held in storage on behalf of Gold-Trust shall be inspected annually, and spot inspected periodically, by bar number, refiner, weight and purity, in the presence of at least one Trustee or officer of Gold-Trust, at least one representative of Gold-Trust’s auditors and one or more Bank representatives.
6. The qualifying investment status of the Units of Gold-Trust under current regulations shall be maintained.

Administration of Gold-Trust

Administrative Services Agreement

Gold-Trust and Central Gold Managers Inc. (the "Administrator") entered into an administrative services agreement (the "*Administrative Services Agreement*") on April 28, 2003. The Administrator was incorporated on March 7, 2003 and its sole purpose is to administer the business and affairs of Gold-Trust. The primary administrative responsibilities of the Administrator under the *Administrative Services Agreement* are to:

- (i) keep full and complete financial, accounting and other records reflecting the financial position of Gold-Trust's business in U.S. dollars;
- (ii) report to Gold-Trust, its Trustees and, through the press, to its Unitholders, the net asset value (the "NAV") of each Unit of Gold-Trust on at least a weekly basis. (The NAV is calculated as the total value of gold bullion, cash and other net assets, less any and all payables, indebtedness and any other liabilities, divided by the total number of outstanding Units of Gold-Trust, and the value of gold bullion is calculated on the basis of the daily London second price fixing for gold bullion. Reports of NAV in Canadian dollars will be calculated with reference to the Bank of Canada's noon exchange rate on the date that NAV is calculated;
- (iii) prepare reports to Unitholders, and regulatory filing materials and other reports to the Trustees as may be reasonably requested from time to time;
- (iv) furnish office facilities, services and supplies and generally oversee, with its staff and independent contractors, the administration of Gold-Trust;
- (v) compensate the officers of Gold-Trust for their services, where applicable;
- (vi) fulfill its responsibilities in a manner that does not impair Gold-Trust's ability to maintain the qualifying status of the Units of Gold-Trust under current regulations.

The Administrator has agreed to administer Gold-Trust's activities in an efficient, timely and professional manner in accordance with reasonable and prudent practices.

The *Administrative Services Agreement* is for an initial term of 10 years until April 28, 2013, and will continue in force from year to year thereafter, unless terminated by Gold-Trust. Gold-Trust may terminate the *Administrative Services Agreement* at any time if the Administrator breaches any of its material obligations under the *Administrative Services Agreement* and: (i) such breach has not been cured within 120 days following notice thereof from Gold-Trust; and (ii) within a further 120 days after the expiry of such cure period, such termination is approved by either (a) a written resolution of Unitholders representing, collectively, at least 66 2/3% of the aggregate number of votes attached to the then outstanding Units of Gold-Trust or (b) a meeting of Unitholders by a resolution approved by Unitholders representing at least 66 2/3% of the votes attached to the units of Gold-Trust which are voted at the meeting at which at least 10% of the outstanding Units are represented in person or by proxy, in all cases excluding votes attached to the outstanding Units held by or on behalf of the Administrator and its affiliates.

Under the terms of the *Administrative Services Agreement*, any directors, officers or employees of the Administrator who are also officers of Gold-Trust, or who have been appointed as Trustees by the Administrator, shall be paid by the Administrator for serving in such capacity and shall not receive any remuneration therefor from Gold-Trust.

Gold-Trust acknowledges that the Administrator shall not be responsible for any loss of opportunity whereby the value of any of the assets of Gold-Trust, or the value of any particular gold, monetary or currency holding, could have been increased, nor shall it be responsible for any decline in value of any of the assets of Gold-Trust unless such decline is the result of the Administrator's negligence or wilful failure to comply with express directions given by resolution of either the Trustees or Unitholders of Gold-Trust.

The Administrator may, with the prior approval of the Trustees, delegate to any person, firm or corporation any of its duties or obligations under the *Administrative Services Agreement*. The Administrator will also arrange, at the expense of Gold-Trust, for the engagement of the custodian(s) of Gold-Trust's assets and for its registrar and transfer agent(s).

Gold-Trust will be responsible for paying all costs and expenses incurred in connection with its affairs except those that are expressly to be borne by the Administrator as referred to above. Such costs and expenses to be borne by Gold-Trust include, without limitation: (i) brokerage and trading commissions; (ii) transport fees, insurance fees, security transfer taxes, safekeeping or custodian's fees and other charges arising from the holding, purchase or sale of gold bullion or other assets by Gold-Trust; (iii) legal and audit fees; (iv) Unit offering costs; (v) fees payable for listings, the maintenance of listings and filings, or other requirements of stock exchanges on which any of the Units are listed; (vi) the cost of printing, mailing and filing financial reports and material for Unitholders' meetings, valuations, reporting to Unitholders, securities regulatory filings and any other purposes required by law; (vii) fees payable to any registrar and transfer agent of the Units; (viii) its independent Trustees' fees and expenses; and (ix) the Administrator's fees payable under the *Administrative Services Agreement*.

The independent Trustees have the express authority to engage a third party for the purpose of conducting an independent valuation of the assets of Gold-Trust.

In consideration of the Administrator carrying out its duties and obligations under the terms of the *Administrative Services Agreement*, Gold-Trust shall pay to the Administrator a declining fee, on a monthly basis, equal to 0.40% per annum for the first US\$100,000,000 of Gold-Trust's total assets, 0.30% per annum for any excess over U.S.\$100,000,000 up to US\$200,000,000 and 0.20% per annum for any excess over U.S.\$200,000,000 of total assets as at the month-end Valuation Date (defined as the last business day of each month on which Gold-Trust's NAV is determined). For such purposes, "total assets" shall mean the total assets of Gold-Trust as at the Valuation Date, valuing gold bullion and other holdings at market value and cash, short-term government securities, short-term deposits with financial institutions and prime commercial paper at cost less any outstanding payables or other indebtedness of Gold-Trust. Such fees shall be payable on or before the 10th day following the end of each such month. The Administrator has consented to reduced fees at three-quarters of the rates stated above during the initial stage of Gold-Trust's development.

Advisory Services Agreement

The Administrator and Sprott Asset Management Inc. ("SAM") entered into an advisory services agreement (the "*Advisory Services Agreement*") on March 14, 2003. The primary responsibilities of SAM under the *Advisory Services Agreement* were to: (a) provide strategic and tactical advice, market research and marketing services on an ongoing basis to Gold-Trust and the Administrator for branding and marketing the Units of Gold-Trust to qualified prospective retail and institutional investors; (b) assist Gold-Trust in the structuring of the initial offering of Units and related due diligence matters; and, (c) undertake such other services as may be requested of, and agreed to by, SAM from time to time.

The *Advisory Services Agreement* was terminated by notice given on May 10, 2007. A subsequent release and termination by mutual agreement was confirmed on November 5, 2007. John P. Embry, a Trustee and co-Chairman of Gold-Trust, is the Chief Investment Strategist of SAM. Notwithstanding such termination, Mr. Embry will continue as a Trustee and co-Chairman of Gold-Trust's Board of Trustees.

Principal Property

The property of Gold-Trust as at December 31, 2007 was comprised of 142,909 fine ounces of gold bullion and 4,785 fine ounces of gold in certificate form for a total of 147,694 fine ounces.

SELECTED FINANCIAL INFORMATION

The selected financial data presented below should be read in conjunction with the Financial Statements and Notes thereto included in Central Gold-Trust's 5th Annual Report to Unitholders for the year ended December 31, 2007, which Financial Statements and Notes thereto are incorporated herein by reference.

Net Asset Value

The net asset value of Central Gold-Trust in U.S. dollar terms as set out below is identical under both Canadian and United States GAAP.

For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007

Net Asset Data:

Net assets at end of year	\$	125,854,581
Net asset value per Unit at end of year ¹	\$	31.52

Income Data:

Net income per Unit (including unrealized appreciation of holdings)	\$	7.30
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Note 1: Net asset value per Unit is calculated by dividing the 3,992,500 Units outstanding into the total net assets.

Exchange Rate

The Canadian dollar exchange rates for United States dollars for the period from July 9, 2003 (being the date on which Gold-Trust closed its initial public offering) to December 31, 2003 and for the years ended December 31 in 2004, 2005, 2006 and 2007, as reported by the Bank of Canada, were as follows:

Period Ended December 31

(Cdn. \$ per U.S. \$1.00)

	<u><i>Last</i></u>	<u><i>Low</i></u>	<u><i>High</i></u>	<u><i>Average</i></u>
2007	.9881	.9170	1.1853	1.0748
2006	1.1653	1.0990	1.1726	1.1341
2005	1.1659	1.1507	1.2704	1.2116
2004	1.2036	1.1774	1.3968	1.3015
2003	1.2924	1.2924	1.4116	1.3479

DIVIDEND POLICY

Gold-Trust does not anticipate the payment of regular dividends. Distributions may be made in the event of any gold sales that result in net realized capital gains as indicated in Note 1(d) to the Financial Statements in Central Gold-Trust's 5th Annual Report for the year ended on December 31, 2007.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The information set forth on pages 2 and 13 to 18 of Gold-Trust's 5th Annual Report for the year ended December 31, 2007 is incorporated herein by reference.

STRUCTURE OF GOLD-TRUST

Gold-Trust is a passive, self-governing, single purpose trust established on April 28, 2003 under the laws of the Province of Ontario by a declaration of trust (the "Declaration of Trust"). It is intended that Gold-Trust will qualify as a mutual fund trust as defined in the Income Tax Act of Canada (the "Tax Act") to enable the flow through of any income and capital gains to Unitholders. The following is a summary of the material attributes and characteristics of the Units and certain provisions of the Declaration of Trust. This summary does not purport to be complete. Reference is made to the Declaration of Trust for a complete description of the Units and the full text of its provisions.

Restrictions

The Declaration of Trust provides, among other things, that Gold-Trust's activities shall be restricted to:

- (i) holding a minimum of 90% of its total net assets in physical gold bullion;
- (ii) holding no more than 10% of its total net assets in the following:
 - (a) gold certificates to enable payments, if any, to be made in connection with: the redemption of any Units or other securities of Gold-Trust; making distributions, if any, to Unitholders; and for working capital purposes; and
 - (b) cash and interest-bearing accounts, short-term government debt or short-term investment grade corporate debt for working capital purposes;
- (iii) issuing Units (or rights, warrants, convertible securities or options to acquire Units) provided that the net proceeds per Unit to be received by Gold-Trust shall not be less than the most recently calculated NAV prior to, or upon, the authorization of such issuance;
- (iv) borrowing on a short-term basis in strictly limited circumstances to facilitate bullion purchase payments, provided that, under such circumstances, Gold-Trust may only enter into short-term borrowing arrangements for which all outstanding amounts, at any time, do not exceed 10% of Gold-Trust's total net assets;
- (v) issuing or redeeming rights and Units pursuant to any Unitholder rights plan adopted by Gold-Trust;
- (vi) purchasing securities issued by Gold-Trust subject to all applicable laws;
- (vii) satisfying any obligations or liabilities of Gold-Trust; and
- (viii) undertaking such other activities, or taking such actions as are related to or in connection with the foregoing, or as are contemplated by the Declaration of Trust, or as may be approved by the Trustees from time to time, provided that Gold-Trust shall not undertake any activity, take any action, or make any investment which would result in:
 - (a) Gold-Trust not being considered a "mutual fund trust" as defined in the Tax Act;
 - (b) the Units constituting foreign property for the purposes of computing the tax payable by Gold-Trust under Part XI of the Tax Act; or
 - (c) all or substantially all of the property of Gold-Trust consisting of property that would be "taxable Canadian property" if the definition of "taxable Canadian property" in subsection 248(1) of the Tax Act was read without reference to paragraph (b) of that definition.

Units

An unlimited number of Units may be issued pursuant to the Declaration of Trust. Each Unit is transferable and represents an equal, undivided, beneficial interest in Gold-Trust, in any distributions from Gold-Trust (whether of trust income, net realized capital gains or other amounts) and in the net assets of Gold-Trust in the event of the termination or winding up of Gold-Trust. All Units are of the same class and shall rank among themselves equally and rateably without discrimination, preference or priority. The Units entitle the holders thereof to one vote for each whole Unit held at all meetings of Unitholders. Except as set out under “Redemption Rights” below, the Units have no conversion, retraction, redemption or pre-emptive rights.

Issuance of units

As contemplated by the Declaration of Trust, Units or rights to acquire Units may be issued at the times, to the persons, for the consideration and on such terms and conditions as the Trustees may determine, provided that the net proceeds per Unit to be received by Gold-Trust shall not be less than the most recently calculated NAV prior to the authorization for such issuance. At the option of the Trustees, Units may be issued in satisfaction of any distribution of Gold-Trust to Unitholders on a pro rata basis to the extent that Gold-Trust does not have available cash to effect such distributions. The Declaration of Trust also provides that, unless the Trustees determine otherwise, immediately after any distribution of Units to all Unitholders in satisfaction of all or part of any such distribution, the number of outstanding Units will be consolidated such that each Unitholder will hold after the consolidation the same number of Units as the Unitholder held before the distribution except where tax was required to be withheld in respect of the Unitholder’s share of the distribution. Where amounts so distributed represent income, non-resident Unitholders will be subject to withholding tax and, to such extent, the consolidation will result in such non-resident Unitholders holding fewer units.

Trustees

Gold-Trust will have a minimum of three Trustees and a maximum of eleven Trustees. The initial number of Trustees is set out in the Declaration of Trust as eight and there are currently seven Trustees. A change in the number of Trustees may be made from time to time by a resolution of the Trustees, which must be ratified by the Unitholders at the following Annual Meeting of Unitholders. The Trustees are to supervise the activities and manage the affairs of Gold-Trust.

Trustees shall be appointed at each Annual Meeting of Unitholders and may be appointed at a special meeting of Unitholders to hold office for a term expiring at the close of the next annual meeting, subject to their earlier resignation or removal. The Administrator is entitled to appoint two of the authorized Trustees from time to time as its nominees. It also proposes to recommend that John P. Embry be appointed as a Trustee. The Declaration of Trust requires that a majority of the Trustees must be independent from the senior executive officers of Gold-Trust and from the Administrator, and five of the current seven Trustees are independent. The Declaration of Trust provides that, subject to the terms and conditions thereof, the Trustees may, in respect of Gold-Trust assets, exercise any and all rights, powers and privileges that could be exercised by a legal and beneficial owner thereof and shall supervise the activities and affairs of Gold-Trust. The Declaration of Trust requires a majority of the Trustees to be Resident Canadians (as that term is defined in the Tax Act) and matters decided by the Trustees must be decided by a majority of Resident Canadians. A majority of Trustees serving on a committee of the Trustees must also be Resident Canadians (as that term is defined in the Tax Act). All but one of the current Trustees are Resident Canadians. The Trustees are responsible for, among other things: (i) maintaining records and providing reports to Unitholders; (ii) supervising the activities of Gold-Trust; and (iii) making distributions, if any, from Gold-Trust to Unitholders (see “STRUCTURE OF GOLD-TRUST - *Distributions*”).

Any one or more of the Trustees may resign effective at the time a written resignation is received by Gold-Trust, or at the time specified in the written resignation, whichever is later, and may be removed by a resolution passed by a majority of the Unitholders. The vacancy created by such removal or resignation may be filled by the Trustees in the manner described in the Declaration of Trust.

A quorum of the Trustees, being a majority of the Trustees then holding office, may fill a vacancy in the Trustees, except a vacancy resulting from an increase in the number of Trustees or from a failure of the Unitholders to elect the required number of Trustees. In the absence of a quorum of Trustees, or if the vacancy has arisen from a failure of the Unitholders to elect the required number of Trustees, the Trustees will forthwith call a special meeting of the Unitholders to fill the vacancy. If the Trustees fail to call such meeting or if there are no Trustees then in office, any Unitholder may call the meeting. The Trustees in office may also appoint such Trustees as may be necessary so that a majority of the Trustees are at all times Resident Canadians.

The Trustees may, between Annual Meetings of Unitholders, appoint one or more additional Trustees, subject to there being a maximum of eleven Trustees, to serve until the next Annual Meeting of Unitholders, but the number of additional Trustees will not at any time exceed one-third of the number of Trustees who held office at the expiration of the immediately preceding Annual Meeting of Unitholders.

The Declaration of Trust provides that the Trustees shall act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of Gold-Trust and in connection therewith shall exercise the degree of care, diligence and skill that a reasonably prudent trustee would exercise in comparable circumstances. The Declaration of Trust provides that a Trustee shall individually be entitled to indemnification from Gold-Trust in respect of the exercise of his or her powers and the discharge of his or her duties provided that he or she shall not be indemnified if he or she fails to act in good faith with a view to the best interests of Gold-Trust or if he or she fails to comply with his or her other obligations under the Declaration of Trust.

Distributions

The primary objective of Gold-Trust is to provide a secure, convenient, low-cost, exchange-tradeable investment alternative for investors with its long term stewardship of its gold holding on behalf of its Unitholders. Gold-Trust does not anticipate making regular distributions on its Units. The Declaration of Trust provides that, on an annual basis, for the purposes of the Tax Act, a sufficient amount of Gold-Trust's income, and net capital gains realized during the year, may be distributed, or made payable during the year, to Unitholders so that Gold-Trust will not be liable for any income tax for the year. Holders of Units who are non-residents of Canada within the meaning of the Tax Act will be required to pay all applicable withholding taxes payable in respect of any distributions of income by Gold-Trust, whether such distributions are in the form of cash or additional units. Non-residents of Canada should consult their own tax advisors regarding the consequences of investing in the Units (see "Income Tax Matters" on page 16").

In the event that Gold-Trust has insufficient distributable cash because of amounts applied to redemptions of Units, or if cash is otherwise unavailable for distribution, amounts to be distributed to Unitholders may be in the form of additional Units so as to ensure that Gold-Trust does not have a net income tax liability. Such additional Units are expected to be issued pursuant to applicable exemptions under applicable securities laws, discretionary exemptions granted by applicable securities regulatory authorities or a prospectus or similar filing.

Redemption Rights

Units are redeemable at any time on demand by the holders thereof. As the Units are issued in book-entry form only (see "STRUCTURE OF GOLD-TRUST — Book-Entry Only System"), a Unitholder who wishes to exercise the redemption right will be required to obtain a redemption notice form from the Unitholder's investment dealer, who will be required to deliver the completed redemption notice form to The Canadian Depository for Securities Limited ("CDS") in Canada or to the Depository Trust Company of the United States in the United States ("DTC") or to a similar depository system that may exist in other countries in which Unitholders may hold Units. Upon receipt of the redemption notice by Gold-Trust from CDS or DTC or a participant in another depository, all rights to and under the Units tendered for redemption shall be surrendered and the holder thereof shall be entitled to receive an amount per Unit (the "Redemption Price") equal to the lesser of: (i) 90% of the "market price" on the principal market or exchange on which the Units are quoted for trading during the ten trading day period commencing immediately following the date on which the Units were tendered for redemption (the "Redemption Date"); or, (ii) 100% of the "closing market price" on the principal market on which the Units are quoted for trading on the Redemption Date.

For the purposes of this calculation, "market price" will be the amount equal to the weighted average of the trading prices of the Units on the applicable market or exchange for each of the trading days on which there was a trade during the specified trading day period and, if there was trading on the applicable exchange or market for fewer than five of the trading days during the specified trading day period, the "market price" shall be the average of the following prices established for each of the trading days during the specified trading period: the average of the last bid and last asking prices of the Units for each day on which there was no trading; and the weighted average trading prices of the Units for each day that there was trading. The "closing market price" shall be: (i) an amount equal to the closing price of the Units on the applicable market or exchange if there was a trade on the specified date and the applicable exchange or market provides a closing price; (ii) an amount equal to the average of the highest and lowest prices of the Units on the applicable market or exchange if there was trading on the specified date and the exchange or other market provides only the highest and lowest prices of Units traded on a particular day; or, (iii) the average of the last bid and last asking prices of the Units if there was no trading on the specified date.

The aggregate Redemption Price payable by Gold-Trust in respect of any Units surrendered for redemption during any calendar month shall be satisfied by way of a cash payment no later than the last day of the calendar month following the month in which the Units were tendered for redemption. Where Gold-Trust is required to dispose of any assets owned by Gold-Trust to pay the Redemption Price to a Unitholder, the Trustees have the discretion to treat any part or all of the income or capital gain realized by Gold-Trust in respect of such disposition as paid to and allocated to such Unitholder out of the Redemption Price.

It is anticipated that the primary mechanism for Unitholders to dispose of their Units will be through the facilities of the recognized stock exchanges on which the Units are listed for trading rather than through exercise of the redemption rights described above.

Meetings of Unitholders

Meetings of Unitholders are required to be called and held annually for the election of the Trustees and the appointment of the auditors of Gold-Trust. The Declaration of Trust provides that the Unitholders shall be entitled to pass resolutions that will bind Gold-Trust only with respect to: the election or removal of Trustees of Gold-Trust; the appointment or removal of the auditors of Gold-Trust; the appointment of an inspector to investigate the performance by the Trustees of their respective responsibilities and duties in respect of Gold-Trust; the termination of Gold-Trust; the approval of amendments to the Declaration of Trust (except as described below under "*Amendments to the Declaration of Trust*"); the sale of all or substantially all of the assets of Gold-Trust; any merger of Gold-Trust with any other entity; any material amendment to the *Administrative Services Agreement*; and, the dissolution or winding up of Gold-Trust prior to the end of its term.

Resolutions appointing or removing the Trustees, other than the Administrator's nominees, or the auditors of Gold-Trust or resolutions appointing an inspector, must be passed by a majority of the votes cast by Unitholders in person or by proxy at a meeting of the Unitholders. The balance of the foregoing matters must be passed by a resolution passed by no less than 66 2/3% of the votes cast in

person or by proxy at a meeting of Unitholders called for the purpose of approving such resolution, or approved in writing by the holders of no fewer than 66 2/3% of the Units entitled to be voted on such resolution (a “Special Resolution”).

A meeting of Unitholders may be convened at any time and for any purpose by the Trustees, and must be convened on receipt of a written requisition signed by the holders of not less than 10% of the Units then outstanding. Such requisition must state in reasonable detail the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.

Unitholders may attend and vote at all meetings of the Unitholders either in person or by proxy, and a proxy holder need not be a Unitholder. Two persons present in person or represented by proxy, and representing in the aggregate at least 10% of the votes attached to all outstanding Units, shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business at all such meetings.

The Declaration of Trust contains provisions as to the notice required and other procedures with respect to the calling and holding of meetings of Unitholders.

Amendments to the Declaration of Trust

The Declaration of Trust may be amended or altered from time to time by Special Resolution of the Unitholders.

Term of Gold-Trust

Gold-Trust has been established for a term ending 21 years after the date of death of the last surviving issue of Her Majesty, Queen Elizabeth II, alive on April 28, 2003. On a date selected by the Trustees, which is not more than two years prior to the expiry of the term of Gold-Trust, the Trustees are obligated to commence to wind-up the affairs of Gold-Trust so that it will terminate on the expiration of the term. In addition, at any time prior to the expiry of the term of Gold-Trust, the Unitholders may, by Special Resolution, require the Trustees to commence to wind up the affairs of Gold-Trust. After paying, retiring, discharging or making provision for the payment, retirement or discharge of all known liabilities and obligations of Gold-Trust, and providing for indemnity against any other outstanding liabilities and obligations, the Trustees shall distribute the remaining part of the proceeds of the sale of Gold-Trust assets, together with any cash forming part of the assets of Gold-Trust, among the Unitholders in accordance with their pro rata interests. If the Trustees are unable to sell all or any part of the assets of Gold-Trust by the date set for termination, the Trustees may distribute all or any part of the remaining assets of Gold-Trust in kind directly to the Unitholders in accordance with their pro rata interests, subject to obtaining all required regulatory approvals. The Trustees shall have no liability for the amount received provided that they act in good faith.

Take-over Bids

The Declaration of Trust contains provisions to the effect that if a take-over bid is made for the Units and not less than 90% of the Units (other than Units held at the date of the take-over bid by or on behalf of the offeror or associates or affiliates of the offeror) are taken up and paid for by the offeror, the offeror will be entitled to acquire the Units held by Unitholders who did not accept the take-over bid on the terms offered by the offeror.

Information and Reports

Gold-Trust will furnish to Unitholders, in accordance with and subject to applicable securities laws, such financial statements of Gold-Trust (including quarterly and annual financial statements) and other reports as are from time to time required by applicable law, including prescribed forms needed for the completion of Unitholders’ tax returns under the Tax Act and equivalent provincial legislation.

Book-Entry Only System

Registration of interests in and transfers of the Units will be made only through a book-based system administered by CDS in Canada, DTC in the United States, or a similar depository system that may exist in other countries in which Unitholders may hold Units (the “Book-Entry Only System”). Units must be purchased, transferred and surrendered for redemption through a participant in the Book-Entry Only System (a “CDS Participant or a DTC Participant or a participant in another Depository, if applicable”). All rights of Unitholders must be exercised through, and all payments or other property to which such Unitholder is entitled, will be made or delivered by the Depository or the Depository Participant and from or through which the Unitholder holds such Units. Upon purchase of any Units, the Unitholder will receive only a confirmation from the registered dealer which is a CDS Participant or a DTC Participant or a participant in another Depository, if applicable, and from or through which the Units are purchased.

The ability of a beneficial owner of Units to pledge such Units or otherwise take action with respect to such Unitholder’s interest in such Units (other than through a Depository or a Depository Participant) may be limited due to the lack of a physical certificate.

Gold-Trust has the option to terminate registration of the Units through the Book-Entry Only System, in which case certificates for the Units in fully registered form would be issued to beneficial owners of such Units or their nominees.

OUTSTANDING CAPITAL AND MARKET FOR SECURITIES

The capital of Gold-Trust consists solely of an unlimited number of voting Units of which 4,279,500 were outstanding at the date hereof.

Central Gold-Trust's Units have been listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange since July 9, 2003 when its initial public offering of Units was closed, and have been listed on the American Stock Exchange since September 22, 2006. CIBC Mellon Trust Company, Canada, and Mellon Investor Services LLC, N.Y., the Registrar and Transfer Agents, maintain Unit records in their book-based system. On February 14, 2008, there was one registered holder of record of the Units. Gold-Trust believes that a majority of the Units are held by Canadian residents.

The following tables set forth: the high and low closing market prices of Gold-Trust's Units as reported in Canadian dollars on the Toronto Stock Exchange and in U.S. dollars on the American Stock Exchange, the volume of trading on each exchange, as well as the high and low net asset value per Unit in both Canadian and United States dollars based upon the daily London second gold fix.

Stock Exchange Market Prices

<u>Fiscal Period</u>	<u>Toronto Stock Exchange (Cdn. \$)</u>			<u>American Stock Exchange (U.S. \$)</u>		
	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Volume</u>
July 9 to December 31, 2003	23.75	19.99	1,051,022			
January 1 to December 31, 2004	24.00	20.10	1,745,387			
January 1 to December 31, 2005	21.89	18.76	1,866,625			
January 1 to December 31, 2006	29.63	22.14	1,634,667	25.70	21.15	581,800 ¹

Note : September 22 to December 31, 2006

<u>Fiscal Month Ended</u>	<u>Net Asset Value (U.S. \$)</u>		<u>American Stock Exchange (U.S. \$)</u>			<u>Toronto Stock Exchange (Cdn. \$)</u>		
	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Volume</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>Volume</u>
2007 - January 31	24.79	23.17	25.57	24.25	119,900	30.09	28.46	76,194
February 28	26.05	24.55	27.24	25.49	75,500	31.60	30.10	54,593
March 31	25.47	24.20	26.26	25.00	96,200	30.70	29.45	61,673
April 30	26.23	25.00	26.19	24.76	318,000	30.12	27.75	101,270
May 31	26.12	24.79	25.17	24.06	262,700	27.89	26.06	87,833
June 30	25.48	24.39	25.09	22.97	87,500	26.58	24.75	38,740
July 31	25.95	24.63	24.75	23.45	206,800	25.99	24.95	67,079
August 31	25.61	24.94	25.06	23.40	148,700	26.25	24.90	65,732
September 30	28.10	25.72	28.60	25.45	207,300	28.68	26.50	83,627
October 31	29.81	27.45	30.00	27.30	246,900	28.39	27.10	83,274
November 30	31.73	29.41	31.80	29.35	225,873	31.00	28.16	91,136
December 31	31.52	29.60	31.30	29.70	218,300	31.50	29.80	68,452

Net Asset Value Comparison

<u>Fiscal Period</u>	<u>Net Asset Value (Cdn. \$)</u>		<u>Net Asset Value (U.S. \$)</u>	
	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>	<u>High</u>	<u>Low</u>
July 9 to December 31, 2003	21.48	18.74	16.30	13.51
January 1 to December 31, 2004	21.91	19.93	17.63	14.65
January 1 to December 31, 2005	23.73	19.77	20.62	15.99
January 1 to December 31, 2006	30.64	23.43	27.64	20.17
January 1 to December 31, 2007	31.50	25.81	31.73	23.17

OFFICERS WHO ARE NOT TRUSTEES

The following table sets forth information as to the four officers who are not Trustees of Gold-Trust:

Name, Residence and Principal Occupation	Position and Office with Gold-Trust	Year Appointed to Position
John S. Elder Q.C. Toronto, Ontario Counsel, Fraser Milner Casgrain LLP (Barristers & Solicitors)	Secretary	2003
William L. Trench A.C.I.S. Fort Erie, Ontario Independent Consultant	Chief Financial Officer	2003
Krystyna S. Bylinowski Ancaster, Ontario Treasurer of Central Gold Managers Inc. (Administrator of Central Gold-Trust)	Treasurer	2003
J. L. Michele Spicer Ancaster, Ontario	Assistant-Secretary	2007

TRUSTEES AND TRUSTEE OFFICERS

The Trustees of Gold-Trust, and nominees for re-election as Trustees at the annual meeting to be held on April 24, 2008 are listed below. Terms of office run from the date of election until the close of the next annual meeting.

Name, Residence and Principal Occupation	Position and Office with Gold-Trust	Year Elected or Appointed to Position
John P. Embry Toronto, Ontario Chief Investment Strategist, Sprott Asset Management Inc. (Asset Managers)	Co-Chairman and Trustee (E) (I)	2003
Brian E. Felske Markdale, Ontario President, Brian E. Felske & Associates Ltd. (Mining Consultants)	Trustee (A)(I)	2003
Bruce E. Heagle Ancaster, Ontario President, National System of Baking, Limited.	Proposed Trustee	2008
Douglas E. Heagle Burlington, Ontario Chairman, NSBL International (International Investor)	Retiring Trustee (A)(C)(I)(L)	2003
Ian M.T. McAvity Toronto, Ontario Corporate Director and President, Deliberations Research Inc. (Economic Consultants)	Trustee (C)(I)	2003
Robert R. Sale Tortola, British Virgin Islands Retired Investment Dealer Executive	Trustee (A)(C)(I)	2003
J.C. Stefan Spicer Lynden, Ontario President and CEO, Central Fund of Canada Limited	President, CEO and Trustee (E)	2003
Philip M. Spicer Ancaster, Ontario Chairman, Central Fund of Canada Limited	Co-Chairman and Trustee (E)	2003

(A) Member of Audit Committee

See “Audit Committee matters” below,

(C) Member of Corporate Governance Committee

The *Corporate Governance Committee* is responsible for: developing the Trust’s approach to governance issues; facilitating education programs for all Trustees; assessing the size and effectiveness of the Board of Trustees as a whole and of the Committee; and, assessing the contribution of individual Trustees. The Committee’s responsibility extends to ensuring that the Trustees can function independently of the senior executive officers and monitoring the Trustee’s relationship to the senior executive officers. It reviews the communications policy of Gold-Trust to ensure that communications to Unitholders, regulators and the investing public are factual and timely, are broadly disseminated in accordance with applicable policy and law, and treat all Unitholders fairly with respect to disclosure. The Committee meets independently of the senior executive officers from time to time or as necessary. Mr. Sale chairs the *Corporate Governance Committee*.

(E) Member of Executive Committee

The *Executive Committee* may meet occasionally between regularly scheduled Trustee meetings and is delegated authority to deal with various matters. The proceedings of the *Executive Committee* are reviewed by the Board of Trustees.

(I) May be regarded as independent under Multilateral Instrument 52-110 entitled "Audit Committee" and Company Policy 52-110CP of the Canadian Securities Administrators.

(L) Lead Trustee

AUDIT COMMITTEE MATTERS

The *Audit Committee* currently consists of Douglas E. Heagle, Brian E. Felske and Robert R. Sale. Mr. Heagle serves as its Chairman.

Each member of the *Audit Committee* is “independent” as contemplated by Multilateral Instrument 52-110 (“MI 52-110”) of the Canadian Securities Administrators and each is financially literate, meaning that each has the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by the financial statements of Gold-Trust. Each of them, by virtue of his respective education and/or business backgrounds, as well as experience with Gold-Trust, has: (a) a base for understanding the accounting principles used by Gold-Trust to prepare its financial statements; (b) the ability to assess the general application of such accounting principles in connection with the accounting for estimates, accruals and reserves; (c) experience analyzing or evaluating financial statements of the type referred to above, and experience actively supervising one or more persons engaged in such activities; and (d) an understanding of internal controls and procedures for financial reporting.

The charter of the *Audit Committee* is as follows:

“Purpose

The primary function of the Audit Committee is to assist the Trustees in fulfilling their oversight responsibilities by reviewing:

- (a) selection, independence and effectiveness of the external auditors;
- (b) the financial statements and other financial information and reports which will be provided to the Unitholders and others;
- (c) the financial reporting process; and
- (d) Gold-Trust’s internal audit activity and controls.

The external auditor’s ultimate responsibility is to the Trustees and the Audit Committee, as representatives of the Unitholders. These representatives have the ultimate authority to evaluate and, where appropriate, recommend replacement of the external auditors.

The Committee shall be given full access to Gold-Trust’s records, those of Central Gold Managers Inc. (the “Administrator”) and the external auditors as necessary to carry out these responsibilities.

Although the Audit Committee has the powers and responsibilities set forth in this Charter, the role of the Audit Committee is oversight. The members of the Audit Committee are not employees of Gold-Trust or the Administrator. It is not the duty of the Audit Committee to conduct audits or to determine that Gold-Trust’s financial statements and disclosures are complete and accurate and are in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles and applicable rules and regulations. These are the responsibilities of the senior officers and the external auditors.

Qualification of Members

1. The members of the Audit Committee (the “Committee”) shall be 3 or more in number and be “independent” as defined in Multilateral Instrument 52-110 of the Canadian Securities Administrators. “Independent” for this purpose means that a member has no direct or indirect material relationship with Gold-Trust which could, in the view of the Trustees, reasonably interfere with his or her independent judgment. Members of the Committee shall not receive any remuneration or compensation from Gold-Trust other than remuneration for acting as a member of the Committee or other committee or as Trustee.
2. All members of the Committee shall, as stipulated in Instrument 52-110, be “financially literate”, that is to say have the ability to read and understand a set of financial statements and related notes that present a breadth and level of complexity of accounting issues that are generally comparable to the breadth and complexity of the issues that can reasonably be expected to be raised by Gold-Trust’s financial statements.

Operating Procedures

1. The Committee shall require that the senior officers provide for review draft annual and quarterly financial statements, annual and quarterly reports, Management’s Discussion and Analysis, Annual Information Form and press releases where relevant, in a timely manner before the scheduled Committee meetings.
2. The Committee shall meet annually in February or March so as to be able to review the draft annual audited financial statements and related materials, and shall meet once in a quarter as required to review the draft first, second and third quarter unaudited financial statements and accompanying report to shareholders.
3. At least annually, the Committee shall review its effectiveness and the contribution of each of its members.
4. The Committee shall have adequate resources and authority to discharge its responsibilities.
5. The Committee shall have the authority to engage and compensate independent counsel and other advisors which it determines are necessary to enable the Committee to carry out its duties and to communicate directly with the external and internal auditors.

Relationship with External Auditor and Review Responsibilities

1. The external auditors are accountable to the Trustees and the Committee, as representatives of the Unitholders of Gold-Trust. As such a representative, the Committee has overall responsibility for selection of the external auditors, and recommends to the Trustees the firm of external auditors to be put forward for shareholder approval at each annual meeting of Unitholders. The Committee will only select external auditors who (a) participate in the oversight program of the Canadian Public Accountability Board (the “CPAB”) and (b) are in good standing with the CPAB.
2. The Committee annually reviews and discusses a letter from the external auditors detailing factors that might have an impact on the auditors’ independence and objectivity, including all services provided and fees charged by the external auditors. The Committee satisfies itself regarding the independence of the auditors and reports its conclusions, and the basis for those conclusions, to the Trustees.
3. The Committee reviews and recommends to the Trustees for approval the annual audited financial statements and accompanying report to Unitholders as well as related documents, such as the Annual Information Form or equivalent filings and the Management’s Discussion and Analysis.
4. The Committee also reviews and recommends to the Trustees for approval the unaudited financial statements for the first, second and third quarters and related reports to Unitholders.
5. The Committee is responsible for approving the scope of the annual audit, the audit plan, the access granted to Gold-Trust’s and the Administrator’s records and the co-operation of management in any audit and review function.

6. The external auditor is required to present to and discuss with the Committee, its views about the quality of the implementation of Canadian GAAP, with a particular focus on the accounting estimates and judgments made by the senior officers and their selection of accounting principles. The Committee meets in private with appropriate senior officers and separately with the external auditors to share perceptions on these matters, discuss any potential concerns and agree upon appropriate action plans.
7. The Committee is responsible for reviewing the work of the external auditors, including their findings and recommendations, as well as the senior officers' response to any such findings and recommendations, and resolving any disagreements between them and the external auditors regarding financial reporting.
8. The Committee should approve all audit services and, wherever feasible, pre-approve any non-audit services to be provided by its internal auditors.
9. The Committee is responsible for assessing the effectiveness of the working relationship of the external auditors with the senior officers.
10. The Committee is responsible for reviewing the performance of, and approving the fees charged by, the external auditors.
11. The Committee is also responsible, when circumstances dictate, for recommending to the Trustees the removal and replacement of external auditors.
12. The Committee shall establish procedures for dealing with complaints regarding accounting, internal accounting controls or auditing matters, and for the confidential, anonymous submission by officers of Gold-Trust or officers and employees of the Administrator regarding such matters (i.e. whistle-blowing).
13. The Committee shall review and approve the hiring by the Administrator of employees and former employees of the external auditors who were involved in Gold-Trust's accounts.
14. The Committee shall review and comment to the Trustees on all related-party transactions.
15. The Committee shall review any change in Gold-Trust's code of ethics for senior financial officers.
16. The Committee shall review any prospectuses, registration statements, information circulars and other reporting issuer or disclosure statements of Gold-Trust involving and as related to financial disclosure.

Relationship to Internal Audit

1. The Committee is responsible for reviewing and approving senior officers' decisions relating to any potential need for internal auditing, including whether this function should be outsourced and, if such function is outsourced, to approve the supplier of such service.
2. The Committee is responsible for ensuring that senior officers have designed and are implementing an effective system of internal controls over financial reporting.

Disclosure

1. The Committee shall provide a report annually to the Unitholders, as part of the Management Information Circular for the annual meeting, which briefly summarizes the nature of the activities of the Committee.

Procedures

1. The times and locations of meetings of the Committee, the calling of such meetings and all aspects of procedure at such meetings shall be determined by the Committee, as the case may be, provided that in every case:
 - (a) the presence of at least two members shall be necessary to constitute a quorum; and
 - (b) the acts of the Committee or any sub-committee, at a duly constituted meeting, shall require no more than the vote of a majority of the members present and that, furthermore, in any circumstance, a resolution or other instrument in writing signed by all members of the Committee shall avail as the act of the Committee.
2. The Secretary, failing which the Assistant-Secretary of Gold-Trust, shall be the Secretary of the Committee.”

The following table sets out information with respect to the fees of the auditor, Ernst & Young LLP, for the past two fiscal years of the Trust:

<u>Fiscal Year Ended</u>	<u>Audit Fees</u>	<u>All Other Fees</u>
December 31, 2007	\$ 41,266	\$48,458 ¹
December 31, 2006	\$ 43,853	\$ 8,571 ²

Notes :

1. Professional services rendered in connection with short form prospectus dated March 29, 2007 and F-10 filing
2. .Review of financial information with regard to listing of Units on the American Stock Exchange.

OTHER COMMITTEE MATTERS

The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, which is comprised of three independent Trustees, is responsible for developing Gold-Trust’s approach to governance issues, advising the Trustees on filling vacancies, and, periodically, reviewing the composition and effectiveness of the Trustees and the contribution of individual Trustees.

The Executive Committee is responsible for providing guidance and advice between Trustees’ meetings to Gold-Trust administration in respect of issues of strategic importance to Gold-Trust.

All members of the *Audit Committee* and of the *Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee* are “independent” as such term is used in Multilateral Instrument No. 58-110.

PROMOTER

The Administrator may be considered to be the promoter of Gold-Trust within the securities legislation of Ontario and certain other provinces of Canada. The Administrator does not hold any Units of Gold-Trust and does not receive any direct or indirect benefits as a result of its relationship to Gold-Trust other than as described under the “*Administrative Services Agreement*” above.

RISK FACTORS

Unitholders and prospective investors should consider the following factors relating to the business and primary asset of Gold-Trust:

Gold Price Volatility

Gold-Trust’s purpose is to invest in and hold gold. The principal factors affecting the value of Gold-Trust’s Units are factors which affect the currency prices of gold. Gold-Trust’s gold bullion assets are tradeable internationally and are denominated in U.S. dollars. As at December 31, 2007, Gold-Trust’s assets were invested 95% in gold bullion, 3.2% in gold certificates and 1.8% in cash and other working capital.

Gold-Trust does not engage in any borrowing, leasing, lending or hedging activities involving its assets, so the price of its Units will depend on, and typically fluctuate with, the price fluctuations of gold.

- The gold price may be affected at any time by many unpredictable international, economic, monetary and political factors, including: Global gold supply and demand, which is influenced by such factors as: (i) forward selling by gold producers; (ii)

purchases made by gold producers to unwind gold hedge positions; (iii) central bank purchases and sales; and (iv) production and cost levels in major gold-producing countries ;

- Investor’s expectations for future inflation rates;
- Exchange rate volatility of the U.S. dollar, the principal currency in which the price of gold is generally quoted;
- Interest rate volatility; and,
- Unexpected global, or regional, political or economic incidents.

Changing tax, royalty, land and mineral rights ownership and leasing regulations under different political regimes can impact market functions and expectations for future gold supply. This can impact both gold mining shares, and the relative prices of other commodities, which can also be competitive factors that impact investor decisions in respect to investing in gold.

Foreign Exchange Rates

Gold-Trust maintains its accounting records, purchases gold and reports its financial position and results in U.S. currency. However, certain of Gold-Trust’s expenses are paid, and Gold-Trust’s Units trade on the Toronto Stock Exchange, in Canadian currency. Therefore, because exchange rate fluctuations are beyond Gold-Trust’s control, there can be no assurance that such fluctuations will not have an effect on Gold-Trust or the trading price of Gold-Trust’s Units.

Uninsured and Underinsured Losses

Gold bullion owned by Gold-Trust is stored in the treasury vaults of the Canadian Imperial Bank of Commerce (the “Bank”) in segregated safekeeping and is insured by the Bank.

Nature of Units

As holders of Units, Unitholders do not have the statutory rights normally associated with ownership of shares of a corporation including, for example, the right to bring “oppression” or “derivative” actions. The Units represent a fractional interest in Gold-Trust. Gold-Trust’s primary asset is gold bullion.

Potential Unitholder Liability

The Declaration of Trust provides that no Unitholder will be subject to any liability whatsoever to any person in connection with: (i) ownership and use of Gold-Trust’s assets; (ii) the obligations, liabilities, activities or affairs of Gold-Trust; (iii) any actual or alleged act or omission of the Trustees, or by any other person, in respect of the activities or affairs of Gold-Trust; (iv) any act or omission of the Trustees, or any other person, in the performance or exercise, or purported or attempted performance or exercise, of any obligation, power, discretion or authority conferred upon the Trustees, or such other person, in respect of the activities or affairs of Gold-Trust; (v) any transaction entered into by the Trustees, or by any other person, in respect of the activities or affairs of Gold-Trust; or (vi) any taxes, levies, imposts, or charges or fines, penalties or interest in respect thereof payable by Gold-Trust or by the Trustees, or by any other person, (except the Unitholder or beneficial Unitholder to the extent required by applicable tax laws) on behalf of, or in connection with, the activities or affairs of Gold-Trust (collectively, “Trust Liabilities”).

Further, during 2004 the Government of Ontario enacted the *Trust Beneficiaries’ Liability Act, 2004*. This statute provides investors in unit trusts that are reporting issuers and governed by the laws of Ontario, such as Gold-Trust, with the same type of limited liability that is enjoyed by shareholders of corporations. Similar legislation has been passed in the Provinces of Alberta, British Columbia, Manitoba and Saskatchewan

It is intended that the affairs of Gold-Trust will be conducted to seek to minimize such risk wherever possible, and no Unitholder or beneficial Unitholder in its capacity as such shall be liable to indemnify the Trustees, or any other person, with respect to any Trust Liabilities. Further, the Declaration of Trust provides that to the extent that any Unitholder may be determined by a judgment of a court of competent jurisdiction to be subject to or liable in respect of any Trust Liabilities, such judgment and any writ of execution shall be enforceable only against, and shall be satisfied only out of the units held by such Unitholder. If any Unitholder or beneficial Unitholder shall be held personally liable as such to any other person in respect of any Trust Liabilities, such Unitholder shall be entitled to indemnity and reimbursement out of Gold-Trust assets to the full extent of such liability and for all costs of any litigation or other proceedings in which such liability shall have been determined, including, without limitation, all fees and disbursements of counsel. However, the Trustees shall have no liability to reimburse Unitholders for taxes assessed against them by reason of their ownership of Units.

Investment Eligibility

The Trustees intend that the Units will be qualified investments under the Tax Act for Registered Plans. However, there can be no assurance for the future that Units will continue to be qualified investments for Registered Plans

Income Tax Matters

There can be no assurance that Canadian federal income tax laws and the administrative and assessing practices of the Canada Revenue Agency respecting the treatment of mutual fund trusts will not be changed in a manner which adversely affects Unitholders.

Regulatory Change

Gold-Trust may be affected by changes in regulatory requirements, customs duties and other taxes. Such changes could, depending on their nature, benefit or adversely affect Gold-Trust.

Reliance on Trustees and the Administrator

Gold-Trust is a self-governing unit trust with voting units that is governed by the Trustees appointed and elected by the Unitholders. Gold-Trust will, therefore, be dependent on governance by its Trustees and on the Administrator for administrative services.

Conflict of Interest

The Trustees and officers of Gold-Trust, the Administrator and its respective affiliates, directors and officers may provide investment, advisory and other services to other entities and parties. The Trustees and officers of Gold-Trust, and the directors and officers of the Administrator have undertaken to devote such reasonable time as is required to properly fulfil their responsibilities in respect of the affairs of Gold-Trust, as they arise from time to time.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

No officers of Gold-Trust, other than co-Chairman John P. Embry now acting as an independent trustee, receive remuneration from Gold-Trust for acting in such capacity. Messrs. P.M. Spicer, and J.C.S. Spicer receive no remuneration as Trustees from Gold-Trust and Gold-Trust does not have any employees or any retirement or benefit plans. No Trustee or officer of Gold-Trust is, or has been, indebted to Gold-Trust.

The Registrar and Transfer Agents for the Units of Gold-Trust are CIBC Mellon Trust Company at its principal transfer office in Toronto and Mellon Investor Services LLC, New York.

Gold-Trust will provide the following information, to any person, who requests it from Gold-Trust's President, Treasurer or Secretary at the Unitholder and Investor Inquiries office,

- (a) when securities of Gold-Trust are in the course of a distribution pursuant to a short form prospectus, or a preliminary short form prospectus has been filed in respect of a distribution of its securities:
 - (i) one copy of Gold-Trust's Annual Information Form, together with one copy of any document, or the pertinent pages of any document, incorporated by reference in the Annual Information Form;
 - (ii) one copy of the comparative financial statements of Gold-Trust for its most recently completed financial year, together with the accompanying report of Gold-Trust's auditor, and one copy of any of Gold-Trust's interim financial statements subsequent to the financial statements for the most recently completed financial year;
 - (iii) one copy of Gold-Trust's Information Circular in respect of the most recent annual meeting of Unitholders that involved the election of Trustees; and
 - (iv) one copy of any other document that is incorporated by reference into the short form prospectus or the preliminary short form prospectus and is not required to be provided under (i) to (iii) above; or
- (b) at any other time, one copy of any other document referred to in (a)(i), (ii) and (iii) above, provided that Gold-Trust may require the payment of a reasonable charge if the request is made by a person who is not a holder of Units of Gold-Trust.

Requests for information may be made by: calling 905-304-GOLD (4653), by e-mailing info@gold-trust.com or by writing to Box 10106 Meadowlands P.O., Ancaster, Ontario L9K 1P3.

Additional information including Trustees' remuneration, governance matters, principal holders of Gold-Trust's Units and interests of insiders in material transactions, where applicable, is to be included in Gold-Trust's Information Circular for the 5th Annual Meeting of Unitholders to be held on April 24, 2008 and is contained in the Information Circular for the 4th Annual Meeting held on April 26, 2007. Additional financial information is provided in Gold-Trust's 2007 Annual Report. Copies of Gold-Trust's Information Circular and the 2007 Annual Report may be obtained by visiting our Website at www.gold-trust.com and www.goldtrust.ca.

All securities filings by Gold-Trust may be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of Canadian Securities Commissions, the Registrant certifies that it meets all of the requirements for filing of the Annual Information Form and has duly caused this Annual Information Form to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereto duly authorized.

Date: March 5, 2008

CENTRAL GOLD-TRUST

By: (Signed) J.C. STEFAN SPICER

J.C. Stefan Spicer, President and CEO